The JS 44 civil cover sheet and by local rules of court. This for the civil docket sheet. (SEE IN	rm, approved by the Judicial	Conference of the United Si	tates in September 1974, is req Attorneys MUST Indicate A	uired for the use all Re-filed Cas	e of the Clerk of C				
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS	NICOLE ASHLEY ALVAREZ			<b>DEFENDANTS</b> SUNBEAM PRODUCTS, INC.					
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			County of Residence of First Listed Defendant PALM BEACH, FL (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDENNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF						
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)			THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.  Attorneys (If Known)						
JOHNSON BECKE	R, PLLC. 444 CEDAR	STREET, SUITE 180	00, SA						
(d) Check County Where Act	ion Arose:   MIAMI- DADE	☐ MONROE ☐ BROWARD ■	PALM BEACH   MARTIN   ST. LU	JCIE □ INDIAN RI	VER OKEECHOBE	EE  HIGHLANDS			
II. BASIS OF JURISD	OICTION (Place an "X" is	n One Box Only)	I. CITIZENSHIP OF P		PARTIES (P		-		
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Feder (U.S. Government )	eral Question Not a Party)		PTF DEF  ☐ 1	Incorporated or Prin of Business In This	•	2	DEF	
2 U.S. Government Defendant		ersity ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2	Incorporated and Pr of Business In A		□ 5	□ 5	
	_		Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 3	Foreign Nation		□ 6	□ 6	
IV. NATURE OF SUI CONTRACT		ly) RTS	Click here for: Nature of Suit Code FORFEITURE/PENALTY		KRUPTCY	OTHER	STATUT	ES	
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability  340 Marine  345 Marine Product Liability  350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability  360 Other Personal Injury  362 Personal Injury Med. Malpractice  CIVIL RIGHTS  440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting  442 Employment  443 Housing/ Accommodations  445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment  446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other  448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY  365 Personal Injury - Product Liability  367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability  368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability  368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability  PERSONAL PROPERTY  370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability  PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence Other: 530 General 535 Death Penalty 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881   690 Other    LABOR	422 Appea   423 Withdi 28 US   PROPER   820 Copyri   830 Patent   835 Patent   New Dru   840 Trader   880 Defen   Act of 20 SOCIAL   861 HIA (1   862 Black   863 DIWC   864 SSID   865 RSI (4   870 Taxes   670 Pef   871 IRS   7609	1 28 USC 158 rawal C 157  ETY RIGHTS ights  - Abbreviated and Application mark 1 Trade Secrets 16 I SECURITY 1395ff) Lung (923) //DIWW (405(g)) Fitle XVI	□ 375 False Cl □ 376 Qui Tan 3729 (a)) □ 400 State Re □ 410 Antitrus □ 430 Banks a □ 450 Comme □ 460 Deporta □ 470 Rackete Corrupt Org □ 480 Consum □ (15 USC □ 485 Telepho Protection A 490 Cable/S □ 850 Securiti Exchange □ 890 Other St □ 891 Agricult □ 893 Environ □ 895 Freedon Act □ 896 Arbitrat □ 896 Arbitrat □ 899 Adminis Act/Review Agency Dec 950 Constit	aims Act n (31 USC apportion t nd Bankin rce tion eer Influe anizations eer Credit 1681 or 16 ne Consu ct (TCPA at TV es/Comme tatutory A tural Acts mental M n of Inforn strative Pr v or Appe ision	enced and senced and s	
1 Original 2 Rem Proceeding Cou	n State (See VI below)	renamed another Reopened (specify	) Transfer	District from Management of the Land of th	Magistrate - nent I	Multidistrict9 Litigation9 - Direct File	Remand Appellat		
VI. RELATED/ RE-FILED CASE(S)	(See instructions): a)  JUDG	<del>-</del>	□ NO b) Related C	_	□ NO KET NUMBER:				
Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and Write a Brief Statement of Cause (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):  VII. CAUSE OF ACTION  28 USC1332  LENGTH OF TRIAL via 5 days estimated (for both sides to try entire case)									
VIII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		☐ CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23  DEMAND \$			CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:  JURY DEMAND: ☐ Yes ☐ No				

ABOVE INFORMATION IS TRUE & CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE DATE

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

### Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) **Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction**. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked. Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- **III.** Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- **IV. Nature of Suit.** Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: <u>Nature of Suit Code Descriptions</u>.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Refiled (3) Attach copy of Order for Dismissal of Previous case. Also complete VI.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (8) Check this box if remanded from Appellate Court.

- VI. Related/Refiled Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases or re-filed cases. Insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judges name for such cases.
- VII. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VIII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.



## PRESSURE COOKER LITIGATION

# Join the hundreds of people holding manufacturers accountable for defective and unsafe pressure cookers by asserting your pressure cooker personal injury claim.

Pressure cooker manufacturers market their products as a quick, healthy and safe way to cook. However, the reality is that many of the pressure cookers on the market have serious design flaws that can lead to severe malfunctions. These malfunctions can cause steam and scalding hot liquids and food to explode out of the pressure cooker, burning the user and anyone nearby.

The pressure cooker litigation team at Johnson Becker is experienced at holding manufacturers responsible for defective products. Over the last four years, Johnson Becker has represented over 500 people in more than 40 states who have been burned by exploding pressure cookers. In addition, we have handled pressure cooker cases against virtually all of the major name-brand manufacturers.

Each pressure cooker lawsuit is dependent on its own unique facts, but our firm continues to successfully file lawsuits against the manufacturers of defective pressure cookers and obtain settlements for our clients. We believe that holding manufacturers responsible for our clients' injuries not only helps our clients, but prevents future injuries by forcing manufacturers to evaluate and improve the safety of their products.

### What Our Clients Say About Us ...

"Johnson Becker was so helpful and easy to work with. They were always immediately available to answer my questions and they kept me up to date every step of the way. All the staff were extremely compassionate and professional. If you need a firm to handle your litigation, I highly recommend Johnson Becker." -Sandy F.

"My experience with Johnson and Becker especially working with Mr Adam and Mr Mike has been beyond explainable. They are an amazing team. Mr Adam has been in touch with me throughout the whole process, never left me wondering. This law firm has worked with me to get the best results and ... everything they said they would do, they did it. I would highly recommend them to anyone who needs a great law firm." -Brenika L.

"The service we received from Adam Kress and his team was outstanding. We came away feeling like we had a new friend. Our biggest surprise was that this company not only works on getting money for their clients, they actually care about getting unsafe products off the market. Thanks Johnson and Becker for making us feel like we helped make the world a little safer!" -Ken C.

# Meet Our Pressure Cooker Attorneys:

Combined, they have over 55 years of experience holding manufacturers accountable when they choose to put profits over safety.

### Michael Johnson is a founding partner of Johnson Becker and the Co-Chair of its Consumer Products and Mass Tort Departments. Michael exclusively represents

individuals across



the country injured by defective and dangerous products, with an emphasis on consumer goods. Michael has battled major product manufacturers at trial, in the appellate courts, and all the way to the U.S. Supreme Court.

#### **Kenneth Pearson**

is a partner at
Johnson Becker. A
graduate of Harvard
Law School, Ken
began his career
representing product
manufacturers.
He now draws on
that experience to
exclusively represent



individuals seeking recovery for productrelated personal injuries in state and federal courts nationwide.

### **Adam Kress**

began his career at Johnson Becker in 2013, and has exclusively represented plaintiffs in product liability, personal injury and wrongful death claims. Adam co-chairs the firm's



Consumer Products Department.



