UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS FORT SMITH DIVISON

VONDA LEE NORWOOD,

Plaintiff,

v.

SENSIO, INC. d/b/a BELLA,

Case No. 2:21- cv - 02111 - PKH

Defendant.

COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

For her Complaint, VONDA LEE NORWOOD, by and through her attorneys, JOHNSON BECKER, PLLC and KEITH LAW GROUP alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE CASE

1. Defendant Sensio, Inc. d/b/a Bella ("Defendant Bella") designs, manufactures, markets, imports, distributes and sells consumer kitchen products, including the subject "Bella 6qt 10 in 1 Multicooker," which specifically includes the Model Number M-60B23G (referred to hereafter as "pressure cooker(s)") that is at issue in this case.

2. Defendant Bella boasts that its pressure cookers feature a "[s]afety locking lid [that] unlocks only once pressure is released."¹ Despite Defendant's claims of "safety,"² it designed, manufactured, marketed, imported, distributed, and sold, both directly and through third-

¹ See https://bellahousewares.com/products-bella/6qt-pressure-cooker-touch-pad/ (last accessed June 7, 2021)

² See Bella 6qt 10 in 1 Multicooker Model Number M-60B23G Owner's Manual, pg.4, attached hereto as Exhibit A an incorporated by reference.

PRESSURE COOKER LITIGATION

Meet Our Pressure Cooker

JOHNSON BECKER PLLC

Join the hundreds of people holding manufacturers accountable for defective and unsafe pressure cookers by asserting your pressure cooker personal injury claim.

Pressure cooker manufacturers market their products as a quick, healthy and safe way to cook. However, the reality is that many of the pressure cookers on the market have serious design flaws that can lead to severe malfunctions. These malfunctions can cause steam and scalding hot liquids and food to explode out of the pressure cooker, burning the user and anyone nearby.

The pressure cooker litigation team at Johnson Becker is experienced at holding manufacturers responsible for defective products. Over the last four years, Johnson Becker has represented over 500 people in more than 40 states who have been burned by exploding pressure cookers. In addition, we have handled pressure cooker cases against virtually all of the major name-brand manufacturers.

Each pressure cooker lawsuit is dependent on its own unique facts, but our firm continues to successfully file lawsuits against the manufacturers of defective pressure cookers and obtain settlements for our clients. We believe that holding manufacturers responsible for our clients' injuries not only helps our clients, but prevents future injuries by forcing manufacturers to evaluate and improve the safety of their products.



"Johnson Becker was so helpful and easy to work with. They were always immediately available to answer my questions and they kept me up to date every step of the way. All the staff were extremely compassionate and professional. If you need a firm to handle your litigation, I highly recommend Johnson Becker." -*Sandy F.*

"My experience with Johnson and Becker especially working with Mr Adam and Mr Mike has been beyond explainable. They are an amazing team. Mr Adam has been in touch with me throughout the whole process, never left me wondering. This law firm has worked with me to get the best results and ... everything they said they would do, they did it. I would highly recommend them to anyone who needs a great law firm." *-Brenika L.*

"The service we received from Adam Kress and his team was outstanding. We came away feeling like we had a new friend. Our biggest surprise was that this company not only works on getting money for their clients, they actually care about getting unsafe products off the market. Thanks Johnson and Becker for making us feel like we helped make the world a little safer!" *-Ken C.*

Attorneys: Combined, they have over 55 years of experience holding manufacturers accountable when they choose to put

profits over safety.

Michael Johnson

is a founding partner of Johnson Becker and the Co-Chair of its Consumer Products and Mass Tort Departments. Michael exclusively represents individuals across



the country injured by defective and dangerous products, with an emphasis on consumer goods. Michael has battled major product manufacturers at trial, in the appellate courts, and all the way to the U.S. Supreme Court.

Kenneth Pearson

is a partner at Johnson Becker. A graduate of Harvard Law School, Ken began his career representing product manufacturers. He now draws on that experience to exclusively represent



individuals seeking recovery for productrelated personal injuries in state and federal courts nationwide.

Adam Kress

began his career at Johnson Becker in 2013, and has exclusively represented plaintiffs in product liability, personal injury and wrongful death claims. Adam co-chairs the firm's



Consumer Products Department.





Case 2:21-cv-02111-PKH Document 2 Filed 06/15/21 Page 2 of 16 PageID #: 4

party retailers, a product that suffers from serious and dangerous defects. Said defects cause significant risk of bodily harm and injury to its consumers.

3. Specifically, said defects manifest themselves when, despite Defendant's statements, the lid of the pressure cooker is removable with built-up pressure, heat and steam still inside the unit. When the lid is removed under such circumstances, the pressure trapped within the unit causes the scalding hot contents to be projected from the unit and into the surrounding area, including onto the unsuspecting consumers, their families, and other bystanders. The Plaintiff in this case was able to remove the lid while the pressure cooker retained pressure, causing her serious and substantial bodily injuries and damages.

4. Defendant knew or should have known of these defects but has nevertheless put profit ahead of safety by continuing to sell its pressure cookers to consumers, failing to warn said consumers of the serious risks posed by the defects, and failing to recall the dangerously defective pressure cookers regardless of the risk of significant injuries to Plaintiff and consumers like her.

5. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Bella's conduct, the Plaintiff in this case incurred significant and painful bodily injuries, medical expenses, physical pain, mental anguish, and diminished enjoyment of life.

PLAINTIFF VONDA LEE NORWOOD

Plaintiff is a resident and citizen of the city of Van Buren, County of Crawford,
State of Arkansas.

7. On or about June 17, 2018, Plaintiff suffered serious and substantial burn injuries as the direct and proximate result of the pressure cooker's lid being able to be rotated and opened while the pressure cooker was still under pressure, during the normal, directed use of the pressure cooker, allowing its scalding hot contents to be forcefully ejected from the pressure cooker and

onto Plaintiff. The incident occurred as a result of the failure of the pressure cookers supposed "safety locking lid,"³ which purports that "the lid will not come off when it is in the LOCK position." In addition, the incident occurred as the result of Defendant's failure to redesign the pressure cooker, despite the existence of economical, safer alternative designs.

DEFENDANT SENSIO, INC. D/B/A BELLA

8. Defendant Bella designs, manufactures, markets, imports, distributes, and sells a variety of consumer kitchen products including pressure cookers, juicers, coffee makers, and air-fryers, amongst others.

9. Defendant Bella is a Canadian Corporation, with a principal place of business located at 610 East River Road, STE 260, New Glasgow, Nova Scotia B2H 3S2

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

10. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 all or a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this claim occurred in this district.

11. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this case pursuant to diversity jurisdiction prescribed by 28 U.S.C. § 1332 because the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs, and there is complete diversity between the parties.

12. Jurisdiction in this Court is also proper in that Defendant Bella has established sufficient minimum contacts with the State of Arkansas through the sale and distribution of its products.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

³ *Id*.

13. Defendant Bella is engaged in the business of designing, manufacturing, warranting, marketing, importing, distributing, and selling the pressure cookers at issue in this litigation.

14. Defendant Bella boasts that its pressure cookers feature a "[s]afety locking lid [that] unlocks only once pressure is released."⁴

15. According to the Owner's Manual accompanying each individual unit sold, the pressure cookers' "safety locking lid" purportedly keeps the lid from the pressure cooker from opening once pressurize. Specifically:

a. "For your safety, the lid will not come off when it is in the LOCK position." ⁵

16. By reason of the forgoing acts or omissions, the above-named Plaintiff and her family purchased the pressure cooker with the reasonable expectation that it was properly designed and manufactured, free from defects of any kind, and that it was safe for its intended, foreseeable use of cooking.

17. Plaintiff used her pressure cooker for its intended purpose of preparing meals for herself and/or family and did so in a manner that was reasonable and foreseeable by the Defendant Bella.

18. However, the aforementioned pressure cooker was defectively and negligently designed and manufactured by Defendant Bella in that it failed to properly function as to prevent the lid from being removed with normal force while the unit remained pressurized, despite the appearance that all the pressure had been released, during the ordinary, foreseeable and proper use

⁴ See https://bellahousewares.com/products-bella/6qt-pressure-cooker-touch-pad/ (last accessed June 7, 2021)

⁵ See Bella 6qt 10 in 1 Multicooker Model Number M-60B23G Owner's Manual, pg.4.

Case 2:21-cv-02111-PKH Document 2 Filed 06/15/21 Page 5 of 16 PageID #: 7

of cooking food with the product; placing the Plaintiff, her family, and similar consumers in danger while using the pressure cookers.

19. Defendant Bella's pressure cookers possess defects that make them unreasonably dangerous for their intended use by consumers because the lid can be rotated and opened while the unit remains pressurized.

20. Further, Defendant Bella's representations about "safety" are not just misleading, they are flatly wrong, and put innocent consumers like Plaintiff directly in harm's way.

21. Economic, safer alternative designs were available that could have prevented the Pressure Cooker's lid from being rotated and opened while pressurized.

22. Defendant Bella knew or should have known that its pressure cookers possessed defects that pose a serious safety risk to Plaintiff and the public. Nevertheless, Defendant Bella continues to ignore and/or conceal its knowledge of the pressure cookers' defects from the general public and continues to generate a substantial profit from the sale of their pressure cookers.

23. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Bella's concealment of such defects, its failure to warn consumers of such defects, its negligent misrepresentations, its failure to remove a product with such defects from the stream of commerce, and its negligent design of such products, Plaintiff used an unreasonably dangerous pressure cooker, which resulted in significant and painful bodily injuries upon Plaintiff's simple removal of the lid of the Pressure Cooker.

24. Consequently, the Plaintiff in this case seeks compensatory damages resulting from the use of Defendant Bella's pressure cooker as described above, which has caused the Plaintiff to suffer from serious bodily injuries, medical expenses, physical pain, mental anguish, diminished enjoyment of life, and other damages.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

COUNT I <u>STRICT PRODUCTS LIABILITY</u>

25. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all other paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein, and further alleges

26. Defendant Bella designed, manufactured, sold, distributed, marketed, and supplied the Subject Pressure Cooker, which was designed in a defective condition; defectively manufactured; contained inadequate and incomplete warnings for foreseeable consumers and users; and were otherwise unreasonably dangerous for its intended use by foreseeable consumers, including Plaintiff.

27. The Subject Pressure Cooker was unreasonably dangerous in design and manufacture due to the lid of the pressure cooker being removable with built-up pressure, heat and steam still inside the unit.

28. Defendant Bella failed to act reasonably in choosing a design of the Subject Pressure Cooker that did not prevent the lid from being removed while still pressurized.

29. Defendant Bella have used a safer alternative design to prevent the lid from being removed while still pressurized.

30. At the time the Subject Pressure Cookers were manufactured and sold by Defendant Bella they were defective, unsafe, and unreasonably dangerous for their intended and foreseeable use(s) by consumers, including Plaintiff, due to these manufacturing defects or omissions by Defendant Bella

31. The manufacturing defects of the Subject Pressure Cooker allowed the lid of the pressure cooker to be removed with built-up pressure, heat, and steam still inside the unit, leading to serious personal injuries like those described herein in this Complaint.

Case 2:21-cv-02111-PKH Document 2 Filed 06/15/21 Page 7 of 16 PageID #: 9

32. Defendant Bella failed to conduct adequate safety testing and inspection of the Subject Pressure Cooker.

33. The Subject Pressure Cooker did not contain adequate warnings or instructions for use, making it defective and unreasonably dangerous to consumers and foreseeable users of the Subject Pressure Cooker, including Plaintiff.

34. Defendant Bella failed to warn foreseeable users and consumers, including Plaintiff, of any specific risk of harm, including that the Subject Pressure Cooker could suddenly and unexpectedly explosively separate from the unit during its normal directed use.

35. The Subject Pressure Cooker was expected to reach and did reach the intended consumers, including Plaintiff, without substantial change in the condition in which it was sold.

36. A reasonable consumer, including Plaintiff, would not have reason to expect that the lid Subject Pressure Cooker could suddenly and unexpectedly explosively separate from the unit during its normal directed use.

37. Plaintiff did not misuse or materially alter the Subject Pressure Cooker and is unaware as to how she could have avoided the incident.

38. At the time they were sold, Defendant Bella knew or should have known that the lid Subject Pressure Cooker could suddenly and unexpectedly explosively separate from the unit during its normal directed use.

39. The design and manufacturing defects contained within the Subject Pressure Cooker, as well as Defendant Bella inadequate warnings and instructions for the use of the Subject Pressure Cooker, were the proximate causes of, directly resulted in, and/or substantially contributed to the injuries sustained by Plaintiff and her resulting damages, for which the Defendant Bella in this case are liable.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Bella for damages, together with interest, costs of suit, attorneys' fees, and all such other relief as the Court deems proper.

COUNT II <u>NEGLIGENCE</u>

40. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all other paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein, and further alleges:

41. Defendant Bella, including its officers, employees, and agents, had a duty of reasonable care to market and sell non-defective pressure cookers, including the Subject Pressure Cooker, that was reasonably safe for its intended uses by consumers.

42. Defendant Bella failed to exercise the ordinary care required by a reasonably prudent manufacturer, retailer and/or distributor in the design, manufacture, marketing, distribution, sale, and advertising of its pressure cookers, including the Subject Pressure Cooker, in that Defendant Bella knew or should have known that the Subject Pressure Cooker created a substantial risk of unreasonable harm to Plaintiff and consumers alike.

43. Defendant Bella was negligent in the designing, manufacturing, advertising, marketing, distributing, and selling the Subject Pressure Cooker in that, among other things, it:

- a. Failed to use due care in designing and manufacturing the pressure cookers to avoid the aforementioned risks to individuals;
- b. Placed an unsafe product into the stream of commerce;
- c. Aggressively over-promoted and marketed its pressure cookers through television, social media, and other advertising outlets; and
- d. Were otherwise careless or negligent.

44. Defendant Bella's negligence was the proximate cause of, directly resulted in, and/or substantially contributed to the injuries sustained by Plaintiff and her resulting damages, for which the Defendant Bella in this case are liable.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Bella for damages, together with interest, costs of suit, attorneys' fees, and all such other relief as the Court deems proper.

COUNT III <u>NEGLIGENT MANUFACTURING DEFECT</u>

45. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each preceding and succeeding paragraph as though set forth fully at length herein.

46. At all times material to the allegations in this Complaint, Defendant Bella was in the business of manufacturing designing, testing, marketing, certifying, supplying, selling, importing and distributing the Subject Pressure Cooker, which was negligently manufactured.

47. Defendant Bella failed to exercise reasonable care in designing, developing, manufacturing, inspecting, testing, packaging, selling, distributing, labeling, marketing, and promoting the Pressure Cookers, which were defective and presented an unreasonable risk of harm to consumers, such as the Plaintiffs.

48. As a result, the Subject Pressure Cooker contained defects in its manufacturing process, which rendered it unreasonably dangerous to consumers, such as the Plaintiffs, when used as intended or as reasonably foreseeable to Defendant Bella. The defect in the manufacturing process allowed the lid of the Subject Pressure Cooker to be removed while still retaining pressure.

49. Prior to and at the time of the incident at issue in this lawsuit, the Subject Pressure Cooker was not materially changed from the condition in which was manufactured.

50. Even though Defendant Bella knew or should have known that it's pressure cookers could retain pressure, despite the appearance that all pressure had been released, Defendant Bella continued to market and sell Pressure Cookers to the general public.

51. Defendant Bella's actions and omissions were the direct and proximate cause of the Plaintiff's injuries and damages.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Bella for damages, together with interest, costs of suit, attorneys' fees, and all such other relief as the Court deems proper.

COUNT IV <u>NEGLIGENT DESIGN DEFECT</u>

52. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each preceding and succeeding paragraph as though set forth fully at length herein.

53. At all times material to the allegations in this Complaint, Defendant Bella was in the business of manufacturing designing, testing, marketing, certifying, supplying, selling, importing and distributing the Subject Pressure Cooker, which was negligently designed.

54. Defendant Bella failed to exercise reasonable care in designing, developing, manufacturing, inspecting, testing, packaging, selling, distributing, labeling, marketing, and promoting its Pressure Cookers, which were defective and presented an unreasonable risk of harm to consumers, such as the Plaintiff.

55. As a result, the Subject Pressure Cooker contained defects in its design, which rendered it unreasonably dangerous to consumers, such as the Plaintiff, when used as intended or as reasonably foreseeable to Defendant Bella. The defect in its design allowed the lid of the Subject Pressure Cooker to be removed while still retaining pressure

56. Prior to and at the time of the incident at issue in this lawsuit, the Subject Pressure Cooker was not materially changed from the condition in which was manufactured.

57. Even though Defendant Bella knew or should have known that it's pressure cookers could retain pressure, despite the appearance that all pressure had been released, Defendant Bella continued to market and sell Pressure Cookers to the general public.

58. Defendant Bella's actions and omissions were the direct and proximate cause of the Plaintiff's injuries and damages.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Bella for damages, together with interest, costs of suit, attorneys' fees, and all such other relief as the Court deems proper.

COUNT V NEGLIGENT INFORMATION DEFECT

59. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each preceding and succeeding paragraph as though set forth fully at length herein.

60. At all times material to the allegations in this Complaint, Defendant Bella knew or had reason to know that Pressure Cookers, including the Subject Pressure Cooker, were dangerous and created an unreasonable risk of harm to consumers, including the Plaintiffs.

61. Defendant Bella had a duty to exercise reasonable care to warn consumers of the dangerous conditions or the facts that made Pressure Cookers likely to be dangerous.

62. Even though Defendant Bella knew or should have known that it's pressure cookers could retain pressure, despite the appearance that all pressure had been released, Defendant Bella continued to market and sell Pressure Cookers to the general public.

63. Defendant Bella's actions and omissions were the direct and proximate cause of the Plaintiff's injuries and damages.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Bella for damages, together with interest, costs of suit, attorneys' fees, and all such other relief as the Court deems proper.

COUNT VI BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE

64. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each preceding and succeeding paragraph as though set forth fully at length herein.

65. Defendant Bella manufactured, supplied, and sold Pressure Cookers with an implied warranty that they were fit for the particular purpose of efficiently and safely cooking meals.

66. Members of the consuming public, including consumers such as the Plaintiff, were the intended third-party beneficiaries of the warranty.

67. Defendant Bella' Pressure Cookers were not fit for the particular purpose as a safe means of cooking meals due to the lid of the pressure cooker being removable with built-up pressure, heat and steam still inside the unit.

68. The Plaintiffs reasonably relied on Defendant Bella's implied warranty that its Pressure Cookers were a safe means of cooking.

69. Defendant Bella's breach of implied warranty was the direct and proximate cause of the Plaintiff's injuries and damages.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Bella for damages, together with interest, costs of suit, attorneys' fees, and all such other relief as the Court deems proper.

COUNT VII BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY

70. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each preceding and succeeding paragraph as though set forth fully at length herein.

71. Defendant Bella manufactured, supplied, and sold Pressure Cookers with an implied warranty that the vehicles were merchantable and fit for the ordinary purposes for which they were intended.

72. Members of the consuming public, including consumers such as the Plaintiff, were the intended third-party beneficiaries of the warranty.

73. Defendant Bella's Pressure Cookers were not merchantable and fit for the ordinary purposes for which they were intended as a safe means of cooking meals due to the lid of the pressure cooker being removable with built-up pressure, heat, and steam still inside the unit.

74. The Subject Pressure Cooker was purchased with the reasonable expectation that it was properly designed and manufactured, free from defects of any kind, and that it was safe for its intended use of cooking meals.

75. Defendant Bella' breach of implied warranty was the direct and proximate cause of the Plaintiffs' injuries and damages.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Bella for damages, together with interest, costs of suit, attorneys' fees, and all such other relief as the Court deems proper.

DAMAGES

76. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Bella's strict liability, negligence, breaches of warranty and other wrongful conduct as described herein, Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer physical and emotional injuries and damages including past, present, and future physical and emotional pain and suffering as a result of the incident on or about June 17, 2018. Plaintiff is entitled to recover damages from Defendant Bella for these injuries in an amount which shall be proven at trial.

77. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Bella's strict liability, negligence, breaches of warranty and other wrongful conduct as described herein, Plaintiff has incurred lost wages as a result of the incident on or about June 17, 2018. Plaintiff is entitled to recover past lost wages from Defendant Bella in an amount which shall be proven at trial.

78. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Bella' strict liability, negligence, breaches of warranty and other wrongful conduct as described herein, Plaintiff has incurred and will continue to incur the loss of full enjoyment of life and disfigurement as a result of the incident on or about June 17, 2018. Plaintiff is entitled to recover damages for loss of the full enjoyment of life and disfigurement from Defendant Bella in an amount to be proven at trial.

79. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendant Bella's strict liability, negligence, breaches of warranty and other wrongful conduct as described herein, Plaintiff has incurred medical treatment expenses, as well as other expenses, as a result of the severe injuries she suffered from the incident on or about June 17, 2018. Plaintiff is entitled to recover damages from Defendant Bella for their past, present and future medical and other expenses in an amount which shall be proven at trial.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Plaintiffs demand that all issues of fact of this case be tried to a properly impaneled jury to the extent permitted under the law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demand judgment against the Defendant Bella for damages, as well as all costs of this action, interest and attorneys' fees, to the full extent of the law, whether arising under the common law and/or statutory law, including:

- a. judgment for Plaintiff and against Defendant Bella;
- b. damages to compensate Plaintiff for her injuries and suffering sustained as a result of the use of the Subject Pressure Cooker;
- c. pre and post judgment interest at the lawful rate;
- d. exemplary, punitive, and treble damages on all applicable Counts as permitted by the law;
- e. a trial by jury on all issues of the case;
- f. an award of attorneys' fees and costs; and
- g. for any other relief this Court may deem equitable and just, or that may be available under the law of another forum to the extent the law of another forum is applied, including but not limited to all relief prayed for in this Complaint and in the foregoing Prayer for Relief.

Respectfully submitted,

KEITH LAW GROUP

Date: June 14, 2021

Scar 7. Kith_

Sean T. Keith Lic. No. 93158

Keith Law Group 5050 W Northgate Rd., Suite 108 Rogers, AR 72758 (479) 335-1355 sean@keithlawgroup.com

In association with:

JOHNSON BECKER, PLLC

Michael K. Johnson, Esq. (MN ID #0258696) Pro Hac Vice to be filed Kenneth W. Pearson, Esq. (MN ID #016088X) Pro Hac Vice to be filed Adam J. Kress, Esq. (MN ID #0397289) Pro Hac Vice to be filed 444 Cedar Street, Suite 1800 (612) 436-1800 mjohnson@johnsonbecker.com kpearson@johnsonbecker.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff